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THE FOOD CROPS DEVELOPMENT BILL, 2020

A Bill for

AN ACT of parliament to provide for the development, regulation and promotion of the food crops production, post-harvest handling, processing and marketing, to provide for the establishment, powers and functions of the Food Crops Authority and for connected purposes.

ENACTED by the Parliament of Kenya, as follows-

	PART I PRELIMINARY	
1.	This Act may be cited as the Food Crops Industry Act, 2020.	Short title
2.	In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires-	Interpretation
	"Authority" means the Food Crops Regulatory Authority established	
	under Section 5;	
	"Blender" means any person who mixes food crops produce or	
	products to affect the characteristics of the product for the purposes of	
	packing and sale;	
	"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Authority established	
	under Section 8;	
	"Cabinet Secretary" means the Cabinet Secretary for the time being	
	responsible for matters relating to Agriculture;	
	"County Government" shall have the meaning assigned to it under	
	Article 176 of the Constitution;	
	"County Executive Committee Member" means the County Executive	
	Committee Member for the time being responsible for matters relating	
	to Agriculture in a County Government;	
	"dealer" means a person who is engaged in a commercial activity and	
	includes an exporter and an importer;	
	"dealing in foodcrop" includes collecting, transporting, storing,	
	processing, packaging, blending, buying or selling crops or crop	
	products and excludes any non-commercial activity;	
	"Food Crops" means the crops listed under the First Schedule and	
	includes such other crop as the Cabinet Secretary, on advice of the	
	Authority may declare to be a Food crop under Section 4;	
	"Large scale Grower" means a grower who cultivates food crops in a	
	parcel of land exceeding 12.5 acres;	
	"Inspector" means an officer of the authority appointed under section	

42 of this Act.	
"Packer" means any person who packs, and or brands food produce	
or products into packets or containers intended for sale locally or for	
export but does not undertake processing;	
"Processing" means the transformation of crop produce into products	
that are used for intermediate or final consumption including products	
for non-food use.	
"Person" includes an individual, firm, a company an association or	
cooperation which has legal rights and obligations	
"value addition" means any activity that makes a product more	
acceptable in the market.	
3. This Act shall apply to all food crops, their produce and products as	Application
specified in the first schedule as well as to growers, grower	
associations, cooperatives, and dealers in food crops	
4. (1) The crops specified in the first schedule are food crops for	Declaration of
purposes of this Act;	food crops
(2) The cabinet secretary may by notice in the gazette, declare any	
other crop to be a food crop for purposes of this act;	
(3) The notice under sub section (2) shall prescribe development and	
regulation measures with respect to each food crop.	
PART II ESTABLISHMENT, POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE FOOD CROPS DEVELOPEMNT AUTHORITY	
5. (1) There is established an Authority to be known as the Food Crops	Establishment and
Authority. The Authority shall be a body corporate with perpetual	incorporation of
succession and a common seal and shall, in its corporate name, be capable of—	the Authority
(a) suing and being sued;	
(b) Taking, purchasing or otherwise acquiring, holding,	
charging or disposing of movable and immovable property;	
(c) borrowing or lending money;	
(d) entering into contracts; and	
(a) cheering into contracts, and	

- (e) Doing or performing all other acts for the proper performance of its functions under this Act which may lawfully be done or performed by a body corporate.
- (2) The Authority shall be the successor of the Food Crops Directorate established under AFA Act, 2013 (Rev. 2016) and the Crops Act, 2013
- (3) The Authority shall for purposes of enabling Kenya meet the relevant international obligations especially with respect to standards shall be the recognized entity to represent Kenya in that behalf as the competent authority.
- 6. (1) The Authority shall
 - (a) Administer this Act
 - (b) Develop soil and water management rules and guidelines
 - (c) promote best practices in sustainable production, postharvest handling, transportation, marketing and processing of food crops produce and products as may be provided for under this Act;
 - (d) Regulate the production, post harvesting, handling, transportation, marketing and processing of food crops produce and products as may be provided for under this Act;
 - (e) Collect and collate data and maintain a database on food crops industry as provided for in this Act;
 - (f) determine emerging research priorities in the food crops sector and advise generally on research thereof;
 - (g) advise the national government and the county governments on levies on food crops for purposes of planning, enhancing harmony and equity in the sector;
- (2) without prejudice to the generality of sub section (1), the Authority shall-
 - (a) Make recommendations to the Cabinet Secretary for the formulation of polices, plans and strategies for the regulation and development of the food crops sector;
 - (b) facilitate an equitable mechanism for the pricing of food crops;
 - (c) in consultation with County Governments Monitor the domestic production and consumption of food produce and products in the Country

Functions of the Authority

with a view to identify surpluses or deficits and advise the Cabinet Secretary accordingly;

- (d) promote efficiency in the development of the industry through establishment of appropriate institutional linkages;
- (e) Register grower associations and dealers in food crops;
- (f) Licence dealers in Food Crops
- (g) In consultation with County Governments register small scale farmers into grower's associations;
- (h) Carry out such other functions as may be assigned to it by this Act and any other written Law while respecting the roles of the two levels of government.
- 7. The Authority shall have all powers necessary for the proper performance of its functions under this Act and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Authority shall have power to—

Powers of the Authority

- (a) enter into contracts;
- (b) manage, control and administer its assets in such manner and for
- such purposes as best promote the purpose for which the Authority is established;
- (c) determine the provisions to be made for its capital and recurrent expenditure and for the reserves of the Authority;
- (d) Receive any grants, gifts, donations or endowments and make legitimate disbursements therefrom;
- (e) Enter into association with such other bodies or organizations within or outside Kenya as it may consider desirable or appropriate and in furtherance of the purposes for which the Authority is established;
- (f) Open such bank accounts for its funds as may be necessary in consultation with the Cabinet Secretary and the National Treasury;
- (g) Invest any funds of the Authority not immediately required for its Purposes in a manner provided in section 51;
- (h) Establish a pension, gratuity, superannuation, provident or other funds for the Authorities employees and their dependent's with the approval of the Cabinet Secretary in consultation with

the National Treasury and the State Corporations Advisory Committee:

- (i) Undertake any other activity necessary for the fulfillment of any of its functions.
- 8. (1) There shall be a Board of directors for the Authority which shall subject to this Act be responsible for the policy, control and management of the Authority and shall consists of -

Board of the Authority

- (a) a non-executive chairman appointed by the President by a notice in the gazette;
- (b) The Principal Secretary in the Ministry responsible for crop development or a designated representative;
- (c) The Cabinet Secretary Treasury or a designated representative;
- (d) One person nominated by the Council of Governors;
- (e) Four person two of either gender drawn from growers and dealers;
- (f) The chief executive officer appointed under section 15 who shall be an ex- official member and the secretary to the Board.
- (2) A person appointed as a chairman of the board under subsection (1)(a) shall-
 - (a) be a person who -
 - (i) Holds a degree from a university recognized in Kenya; and
 - (ii) Has knowledge and experience in crop and food, management, finance or such other expertise as the appointing authority may consider relevant;
- (3) A member of the board appointed under sub section (1)(d) and(e) shall-
 - (a) Hold a degree from a university recognized in Kenya; and
 - (b) knowledge and experience in the area for which he or she is representing
- (4) The cabinet secretary shall appoint the members under sub section (1)(d) and (e) by a notice in the *Gazette*
- (5) The members under subsection(1)(a), (d) and (e) shall be appointed within three (3) months of commencement of this Act.
- 9. The persons appointed under section 8(1) (a), (d) and (e) shall serve for a term of three (3) years and shall be eligible for re-appointment once for a further term of three (3) years

Term of
Appointment

10. A person shall cease to be a member of the Board of directors if such a

Vacation of office

person-	
(a) Is absent from three consecutive meetings of the Board	
without the permission of the chair	
(b) Becomes an officer, agent or member of staff of the board	
(c) Resigns in writing, addressed in the case of the chairperson	
to the president and in the case of any other member to the	
cabinet secretary	
(d) Is convicted for a criminal offence.	
(e) Is declared bankrupt.	
(f) Is unable to perform the functions of his/her office by reason	
of mental and physical infirmity.	
(g) Conducts himself in a manner deemed to be in contravention	
to the provisions of chapter six of the constitution, 2010.	
(h) Or dies	
11. (1) The conduct and regulation of the business and affairs of the Board	Conduct of
shall be as provided in the Second Schedule.	business and
(2) Except as provided in the Second Schedule, the Board may regulate	affairs of the
its own procedure and the procedure of any of its committees.	Board
12. The Board may, either generally or in any particular case, delegate to any	Delegation by the
committee or to any member, officer, employee or agent of the Board, the	Board
exercise of any of the powers or the performance of any of the functions or	
duties of the Board under this Act or under any other written law.	
13. (1) The Board may establish such committees as it may consider necessary	Committees of the
for the efficient performance of its functions and the exercise of its powers	Board
under this Act.	
(2) The Board may co-opt to sit in the committees established under sub	
section (1) such other persons whose Knowledge and skills are necessary	
for the performance of the functions of the Board.	
14. The remuneration payable to members of the Board shall be determined by	Remuneration of
the Salaries and Remuneration Commission.	the Board
15. (1) There shall be a Chief Executive Officer of the Authority to be	Chief Executive
recruited by the Board of the Authority through a competitive process on such	Officer
terms and conditions of service as the Board shall determine.	
(2) The Chief Executive Officer shall in consultation with the Board, be	
responsible for the direction of the affairs and transactions of the	
Authority, the exercise, discharge and performance of its objectives,	

functions and duties, and the general administration of the Authority;	
(3) The Chief Executive officer shall hold office for a period of not more	
than five years, and shall be eligible for re-appointment for one further	
term.	
(4) The Chief Executive Officer shall be an ex officio member of the	
Board but shall have no right to vote at any meeting of the Board.	
(5) A person appointed as a Chief Executive Officer of the Authority under	
subsection (1) shall be a person who -	
(a) Holds an advanced degree in agriculture or related field from a	
university recognized in Kenya; and	
(b) Has not less than five (5) years' experience in senior	
management position in the fields of crop and food, finance or such	
other expertise as the appointing authority may consider relevant.	
16. The Chief Executive Officer shall cease to hold office if the person-	Vacation of office
(a) Resigns in writing, addressed to the chairperson of the Board.	of chief executive
(b) Conducts himself or herself in breach of public service code of	officer
conduct and provisions of chapter six of the constitution.	
(c) Is convicted of a criminal offence.	
(d) Is declared bankrupt	
(e) Is unable to perform the functions of his or her office by reason	
of mental and physical infirmity; or	
(f) Dies	
17. The Authority may appoint such officers, agents and other staff as are	Staff
necessary for the proper and efficient discharge of the functions of the	
Authority under this Act, upon such terms and conditions of service as the	
Board may determine.	
18. The common seal of the Authority shall be kept in the custody of the Chief	The common seal
Executive Officer or of such other person as the Board may direct, and shall	of the Authority
not be used except upon the order of the Board;	
(a) The common seal of the Authority, when affixed to a	
document and duly authenticated, shall be judicially and	
officially noticed, and unless the contrary is proved, any	
necessary order or authorization by the Board under this section	
shall be presumed to have been duly given.	
(b) The common seal of the Authority shall be authenticated by	
the signature of the chairperson of the Board and the Chief	

Executive Officer.	
(c) The Board shall, in the absence of either the chairperson or the	
Chief Executive Officer, in any particular matter, nominate one	
member of the Board to authenticate the seal of the Authority on	
behalf of either the chairperson or the chief executive officer.	
19. (1) No matter or thing done by a member of the Board or by any officer,	Protection from
member of staff, or agent of the Authority shall, if the matter or thing is done	personal liability
bona fide for executing the functions, powers or duties of the Authority under	
this Act, render the member, officer, employee or agent or any person acting	
on their directions personally liable to any action, claim or demand	
whatsoever.	
(2) Any expenses incurred by any person in any suit or prosecution	
brought against him or her in any court, in respect of any act which is done	
or purported to be done by him or her under the direction of the Authority,	
shall, if the court holds that such act was done bona fide, be paid out of the	
funds of the Authority, unless such expenses are recovered by him or her in	
such suit or prosecution.	
20. The provisions of section 13 shall not relieve the Authority of the liability	Liability for
to pay compensation or damages to any person for any injury to him or her,	damages
his or her property or any of his or her interests caused by the exercise of any	
power conferred by this Act or any other written law or by the failure, wholly	
or partially, of any works.	
PART III- ROLE OF COUNTY GOVERNMENTS	
21. (1) Pursuant to the Fourth schedule of the Constitution the County	Role of County
Governments will implement the national government policies to the, extent	Government
that the policies relate to the county and in particular shall be responsible for-	
(a) Sustainable development of food crops grown within the county;	
(b) develop the marketing infrastructure within the county	
(c)Regulations of marketing of food crops within the county;	
(d) provide extension services on food crops production.	
(e) Coordinate extension service providers within the county	
(f) inspection of nurseries, farms, produce transport vessels, markets and	
collection centers within their respective counties;	
(g) enforcement of county and national legislation on food crops, including	
industry codes of practice and standards;	
	<u> </u>

- (f) Enforcement of biodiversity, soil and water management guidelines;
- (g) Promote transfer and adoption of new technologies developed by research institutions;
- (h) Promote the adoption of indigenous knowledge and technologies
- (i) enforce policies and guidelines on corporate governance in food crops grass root institutions;
- (2) In accordance with Article 6 (2) of the Constitution, the county governments and the Authority shall consult and cooperate in the development, promotion and regulation of the food crops industry.
- (3) In execution of the roles provided for in sub-section (1), the CEC shall establish a food crops advisory committee to provide technical guidance.
- (4) The Authority shall make regulations and guidelines on the establishment and membership of the committee.

PART IV – DEVELOPMENT AND MARKETING OF FOOD CROPS

22. (1) In addition to the functions stipulated under this Act or any other written Law, the Authority shall—

Promotion of food crops

- (a) Implement general and specific policies for the sustainable development of food crops specified in the First Schedule;
- (b) Advice the Cabinet Secretary on formulation of general and specific policies for the development of food crops specified in the First Schedule;
- (c) facilitate marketing and distribution of scheduled crops through monitoring and dissemination of market information, including identification of the local supplydemand situation, domestic market matching and overseas market intelligence and promotion activities on food crops;
- (d) in consultation with the Cabinet Secretary advice the Ministry responsible for transportation and communications to effect an efficient, regular and economical means of transporting food crops, for purposes of reducing marketing costs and ensuring safe and stable consumer supply;
- (e) In consultation with various government and private research institutions, conduct studies designed to promote the production, marketing, processing and safety of food crops

and products.

- (f) Conduct stakeholders' capacity building programs on production technologies, food safety, standards and market potentials and prospects for the food crops.
- (g) Support county governments to establish model farms for transfer of new technologies developed by research institutions for scheduled crops;
- (h) devise and maintain a system for regularly obtaining information on current and future production, prices and movement in trade, to determine and effect a balanced distribution of food crops by means of inter-trading or intratrading among the established wholesale markets;
- (i) promote and advise on strategies for value addition for domestic and export food crops produce;
- (j) Providing incentives to farmers
- (k) Availing credit facilities
- (l) Issue guidelines on quality, safe and responsible use of farm inputs
- (m) recommend general industry agreements between farmers and dealers of food crops;
- (n) build capacity in post-harvest losses management, nutrition, climate change and value addition based on the needs of small holder farmers and other stakeholders
- (o) prescribe the maximum period within which farmers are to be paid for food crops delivered and penalties for delayed payments; and
- (p) perform any other relevant function as may be prescribed by the Board from time to time.

PART V FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

- 23. (1) The Authority in collaboration with relevant government agencies shall enforce Food crops standards and codes of practices along the value chains, in conformity with National, Regional and International Quality Standards.
- (2) The Authority in consultation with Cabinet Secretary may prescribe regulations for produce conformity to national, regional and international standards.
- (3) The County government shall ensure that produce and products for the

Quality control measures

domestic market conform to quality standards in line with the provisions of this Act.

24.(1) The Authority in collaboration with county governments and relevant government agencies shall monitor compliance of food crops produce and products to the prescribed standards for exports and imports.

Monitoring Compliance

Food safety

controls

- (2) The Authority or county governments shall issue a compliance certificate to a dealer whose produce or product conforms to the prescribed standard.
- 25. (1) All Dealers for purposes of food safety shall ensure;
 - a) produce and products are handled, graded, packaged transported and stored in a manner to prevent produce contamination;
 - b) source produce from production sites that comply with the National food crops standard and other relevant food safety standards; and
 - (2) A person who contravenes sub-section 42(1b) and 42(1c) commits an offence.

Enforcement of

safety and quality

standards

- 26. (1) The Authority may conduct inspection, surveillance and sampling of Food crops produce at collection centers, aggregation centers, warehouses, markets, packing and storage facilities to ensure compliance with national, regional and international quality food safety and standards.
- (2) Produce which does not conform to 42(1) shall be seized and destroyed.
- (3) The Authority shall inspect imported produce and products for conformity with national, regional and international food safety and quality standards.
- 27. The Authority shall prescribe the requirements for packaging, labelling, transportation and storage of horticultural produce and products.
- (5) Develop standards for the establishment and management of markets for food crops in identified centers of the country;
- (6) develop standards and advice the County Government on establishment of agricultural produce collection centers in viable areas to serve as buying stations of farm products, packaging houses, pick-up points and meeting places of farmers' and growers' cooperatives;
- (7) establish and enforce standards in grading, sampling and inspection, tests and analysis, specifications, units of measurement, processing, packaging, preservation, on farm and commercial storage, conservation and transportation

Produce handling and grading at the

farm

of food crops and produce to ensure health and proper trading;

- 44. (1) The County Government in collaboration with other agencies and private sector shall undertake regular training to growers for food crops
- (2) Produce handling, grading, packaging and storage facilities of horticultural produce at farm level shall meet minimum conditions as set out in the regulations under this Act.
- (3) A person who contravenes sub-section (2) commits an offence
- 28. (1) The Authority or County government shall ensure compliance to traceability of food crops produce and products.
- (2) A person dealing with food crops produce and products shall demonstrate produce or product traceability as prescribed in the regulations under this Act.
- (4) A person who contravenes any provision in this section commits an offence.
- 29. (1) The Authority shall, in respect of each county, appoint an officer to be stationed in the county for purposes of this Act.
- (2) The Authority shall delegate such exercise of its powers and such performance of its functions to the officer appointed under subsection (1) as shall be necessary in the discharge of its mandate in that county.
- (3) An officer appointed under subsection (1) shall be deemed to be an inspector for purposes of this Act, and shall exercise such powers and perform such functions as an inspector may exercise or perform under this Act.
- (4) A county officer appointed under subsection (1) shall liaise with the county executive committee member of agriculture in the discharge of its functions
- 30. (1) The Authority shall appoint qualified persons, to be inspectors for food crops for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) A county Government shall nominate qualified persons for appointment by the Authority as inspectors for purposes of this Act.
- (3) For purposes of subsection (1) and (2) the Authority shall, by regulations, prescribe the qualifications for different categories of inspectors.
- (4) The Authority shall undertake a mandatory training for all inspectors appointed under Subsection (1) and (2) before gazettement.
- (5) The cabinet secretary shall publish names of the inspectors trained in Subsection (3) in the gazette.

Traceability of produce

Appointment of county officers

Appointment of crops inspectors

31. (1) A person duly authorized in writing in that behalf by the Authority may, at all reasonable times and upon production of such authority to any person so requesting—

Entry and Inspection

- (a) enter any land or buildings occupied by the holder of a licence issued under this Act, or a person registered under this Act;
- (b) make such inspection and enquiries as the person may deem necessary for ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act or the terms and conditions of the respective licence or registration are being complied with; and
- (c) may require any person found thereon to give such information as the inspector may require.
- (2) A person who hinders or obstructs any person duly exercising or attempting to exercise any of the powers conferred by subsection (1), or who fails to give any information reasonably required commits an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding one million shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

32. (1) For the purposes of this Act, an inspector who has reasonable grounds may at any reasonable time, enter upon any land, premises or vessel and may take such persons and things as the inspector considers necessary and may—

Powers of entry

- (a) perform the functions or exercise the powers conferred by this Act or any other written law;
- (b) make enquiries or carry out a search to ascertain if this Act is being complied with;
- (c) demand the production by a licence holder of the licence for examination;
- (d) seize and remove any article or thing in respect of which the inspector has reasonable grounds for believing that an offence under this Act is being or has been committed; or
- e) do any other thing authorized under this Act.
- (2) The owner or occupier of or any person on land or in premises or a vehicle which is entered under subsection (1) shall render such reasonable assistance as may be required by the inspector.
- (3) A person who refuses, unreasonably delays or fails to comply with a requirement under subsection (2) commits an offence.

33. (1) A person shall not prevent, hinder or obstruct an inspector in performance of the functions, and duties or exercise of powers conferred by	Obstruction of inspectors
	Inspectors
this Act.	
(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall be	
liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding two million shillings, or to	
imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or both.	
PART VI REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS	
34. A smallholder grower, for purposes of accessing economies of scale, shall	Freedom to
have the freedom to register with an association.	register
35. A large scale grower shall register with the Authority, by supplying such	Registration of
particulars as the Authority may prescribe.	large scale growers
36. Where a grower has entered into an agreement with an organization	Respect for
representing the interest of such grower, the Authority and every dealer shall	Agreements
respect and enable the carrying out of the terms of such agreement, including	
the remission to the grower organization of any contributions that may,	
pursuant to such agreement, be deductible from the grower.	
37. (1) The Authority shall maintain a register of all entities registering	Registration of
smallholder growers, in such form as it may determine, and shall enter in the	growers'
register—	associations
(a) the full names of the registering entity;	
(b) the particulars of registered growers, area planted with	
scheduled crop or variations of these particulars; and	
(c) any other particulars the Authority may deem necessary	
38. (1) Every dealer in a food crop shall register with the Authority.	Registration of
(2) A person shall not deal in a food crop unless the person is	dealers
registered in accordance with this Act.	
39. (1) For purposes of section (25), (27) and (28) The Cabinet Secretary shall,	Procedure for
in consultation with the Authority and the relevant county executive	registration
committee member responsible for agriculture, prescribe regulations providing	
for the procedure for registration of large scale growers, growers associations	
and dealers and the regulations shall also set out the appeal process in case of	
refusal or denial of registration.	
(2) A person who contravenes section (25),(27) and (28) of this Act commits	
an offence and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment for term not	
^	

exceeding three years or to a fine not exceeding five million shillings or both.	
PART- VII TAXATION AND LICENSING	
40. (1) Pursuant to Article 209 of the Constitution, only the national	Taxation of food
government may impose, in relation to food crops—	crops
(a) income tax;	
(b) value-added tax;	
(c) customs duties and other duties on import of agricultural	
products; and	
(d) Excise duty.	
(2) A County Government may, pursuant to the Fourth Schedule of the	
Constitution, impose fees for—	
(a) development of agricultural crops within the county;	
(b) development and regulation of food crops markets within the	
county;	
(c) issuance of trade licenses to any person trading in food crops	
within the county; and	
(d) issuance of licenses for cooperative societies dealing with food	
crops within the county.	
(3) The fees imposed by a county government under subsection (2) shall not	
in any way prejudice national economic policies, economic activities across	
county boundaries or national mobility of goods, services, capital or labor.	
(4) The Cabinet Secretary shall, using the structures established under the	
Intergovernmental Relations Act, 2012 (No. 2 of 2012), put in place	
mechanism to avoid double taxation of agricultural products by the two levels	
of governments.	
41. (1) A person shall not process a food crop for sale except under and in	Processing
accordance with a license issued under this Act.	license
(2) An application for a license under this section shall be in writing	
and in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by the prescribed	
fee.	
(3) The Authority may after receiving an application, —	
(a) issue a processing license, in accordance with this Act;	
(b) refuse to issue the license on any ground which may appear	
(c) a see a see and a see and ground many appear	

to the Authority to be sufficient and inform the applicant in writing of the reasons thereof;

- (c) cancel, vary or suspend any license if in the findings of the Authority, the licensee is found to have contravened the regulations made under this Act for the operation of processing entities.
- (4) A processing license issued under this section shall, in addition to authorizing the holder to carry on the business set out in subsection (1), also authorize the holder to carry out the business of packing and blending a crop product.

42. (1) A person shall not pack or blend a food crop product for sale except under and in accordance with a license issued under this Act.

Packers and blenders licence

- 2) An application for a license under this section shall be in writing and in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee.
- (3) The Authority may after receiving an application-
 - (a) issue a packing and or blending licence, in accordance with this Act;
 - (b) refuse to issue the licence on any ground which may appear to the Authority to be sufficient and inform the applicant in writing of the reasons thereof;
 - (c) cancel, vary or suspend any licence if in the findings of the Authority, the licensee is found to have contravened the regulations made under this Act for the operation of packing or blending entities.

43. (1) A person who—

- (a) processes, packs or blends a food crop product for sale in contravention of this Act;
- (b) buys, sells, offers for sale, transports or has possession of a food crop which to the person's knowledge or belief—
 - (i) has been grown, processed, packed, blended or otherwise than in accordance with this Act:
 - (ii) is from a non-registered grower, grower association or dealer of such crop;

commits an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding ten million shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or both.

Illegal processing, packing, blending and possession

- (2) If a person is in possession or has control of food crops for which the person is unable to account to the satisfaction of a person authorized under this Act, such food crop shall be deemed to have been grown, processed or dried otherwise than in accordance with this Act until the contrary is proved.
- (3) If a person is convicted of an offence under this section, the court shall order that any food crop and any vehicle, vessel or other conveyance in relation to which an offence has been committed shall be forfeited to the Government unless, in the case of a vehicle, vessel or other conveyance, the court sees good reason, to be recorded by it in writing, not to do so

44. (1) The Authority shall issue licenses to applicant's subject to such lawful conditions in accordance with this Act.

Issuance of licenses

- (2) Every license shall specify the premises upon which the business specified in the license may be carried on.
- (3) Licenses issued under this Act shall remain in force for a period of one calendar year from the date of issue, unless earlier cancelled.
- (4) There shall be payable for the issue of licenses under this Act such fees as the Authority, after consultation with the Cabinet Secretary prescribe.
- (5) The total fees charged under subsection (4) shall depend on the licensed capacity of the dealer and shall not overburden small scale dealers and the cumulative total of all levies and fees payable shall in any event not exceed ten per cent of the gate value of the food crop product.
- (6) The Authority may, at least thirty days before granting a license under this Act, give notice of the proposed grant in the Gazette and in such other manner as the licensing authority may determine.
 - (7) The notice referred to in subsection (6) shall—
 - (a) specify the name or other particulars of the person or class of persons to whom the licence is to be granted;
 - (b) state the purpose for the proposed licence and indicate the date such licence is proposed to be issued to the successful applicant; and
 - (c) invite objections to the proposed grant of licence and direct that such objections be lodged with the Authority within fourteen days next following the date of the notice.

(8) The Authority may after considering the objections, if any, made	
under this section, grant the license applied for, subject to such terms and	
conditions as may be specified therein.	
(9) The issuance of a license to an applicant under this Act shall not be	
withheld without reasonable cause.	
(10) A license issued under this Act shall not be transferable.	
45. An application for the renewal of a licence under this Act shall be made to	Application for
the Authority not later than the first day of the month preceding the date the	renewal of a
current licence is due to expire but, notwithstanding the foregoing, a late	licence
application may be made upon payment of a late application fee as may be	
prescribed by the Authority.	
46. (1) A licence issued under this Act shall be subject to such conditions as	Conditions of a
the Authority may determine and as are specified in the licence and to any	licence
conditions which may be prescribed.	
(2) The Authority may require that any class of licenses issued to a	
dealer will be subject to the condition that the dealer engages in	
actual growing of any given crop.	
(3) The Authority may at any time during the validity of a licence—	
(a) vary the conditions of the licence; or	
(b) impose conditions or further conditions on the licence	
47. The Authority may revoke, alter or suspend a licence issued under this Act	Revocation or
if in its opinion—	alteration of a
(a) an offence under this Act, or in respect of the licensed activity	licence
under any other written law, has been committed by the licence	
holder or any employee of the licence holder; or	
(b) a condition of the licence has been contravened or not complied	
with.	
48.(1) The holder of a licence which is revoked shall immediately surrender it	Surrender of
to the Authority.	licence
(2) A licence holder may at any time surrender the licence to the Authority	
and the licence shall cease to have effect forthwith.	
49. (1) An applicant for or holder of a licence who is aggrieved by a decision	Appeals
of the Authority on or in respect of—	
(a) the grant, refusal, renewal, variation or revocation; or	
(b) the conditions imposed on the grant, renewal or variation, of a	
licence, may appeal to the Cabinet Secretary.	
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(2) An appeal under this section shall be lodged within thirty days from the date on which the appellant first received notice of the decision.

PART VII—FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

- 50. (1) The funds and assets of the Authority shall comprise
 - (a) such monies as may be appropriated by the National Assembly for the purposes of the Authority;
 - (b) all monies received in respect of levies
 - (c) such monies as may accrue to or vest in the Authority in the course of the exercise of its powers or the performance of its functions under this Act; and
 - (d) all monies from any other source provided for or donated or lent to the Authority
- 51. (1) (a) The Cabinet Secretary may, in consultation with the Authority, by order in the Gazette, impose a levy on export and import of crops produce and products to be known as the crops Development Levy.
 - (b) An order under this section may contain provisions as to the time at which any amount payable by way of the levy shall become due.
 - (c) All moneys received in respect of the levy shall be paid to the Authority and if not paid on or before the date prescribed by the order, the amount due and any sum payable under subsection (a) shall be a civil debt recoverable summarily by the Authority
 - (d) If a person fails to pay any amount payable by him by way of the levy on or before the date prescribed by the order, the person shall be liable to pay the levy imposed under this Act and in addition;
 - (i) pay an interest of twenty-five percent of the outstanding amount of the levy, for the first month or part of the month in which the levy remains unpaid; and
 - (ii) a compound interest of twelve percent of the outstanding amount of the levy that remains unpaid for each subsequent month or part of the month in which the levy remains unpaid.
 - (e). The Cabinet Secretary may, upon the advice of the Authority, at any time by notice, alter the rate of the levy imposed under subsection (a) and such altered rate shall come into force on such date, not later than six months from the date of the notice, as may be specified in the notice.
 - (f) Different rates of levy may be imposed for different types or

Funds of the Authority

Crops

Development Levy

grades of crop products.	
(g) Any levy imposed under this section shall be levied and	
collected in the manner prescribed.	
(h) For the avoidance of doubt—	
(i) The levies payable in the case of crops produce and	
products immediately before the commencement of this Act shall	
continue to be the payable rates until the Cabinet Secretary	
specifically imposes different rates;	
(ii) The rate of the levy shall be specified in the notice under	
subsection (2)(a) and shall not exceed six per cent of the value of the	
crop on which the levy is payable.	
(iii) The Cabinet Secretary shall make Regulations for the Better	
carrying out of the provisions of this Section.	
52. (1) There is established a Fund to be known as the crops Development	Crop development
Fund which shall be administered by the Authority	fund
(2) The Fund shall consist of —	
(a) any moneys provided by the National Assembly for the purposes	
of the Fund	
(b) the Crops Development levy;	
(c) any funds provided by bilateral or multilateral donors for the	
purposes of the Fund;	
(d) any interest from loans and advances	
(e) Any other monies as approved by the Board.	
53. The Crop Development Fund shall be used for –	Use of Crops
(a) the operations of the Authority	Development Fund
(b) development of crop sub sector	
(c) provision of subsidies to growers	
(d) provision of affordable credit facilities to growers	
(e) such other purposes as may be approved by the Board	
54. The financial year of the Authority shall be the period of twelve months	Financial year
ending on the thirtieth June in every year.	
55. (1) Before the commencement of each financial year, the Board shall	Annual estimates
cause to be prepared estimates of revenue and expenditure of the Authority for	
that financial year.	
(2) The annual estimates shall make provision for all the estimated	
expenditure of the Authority for the financial year concerned and in particular,	
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shall provide for —

- (a) the payment of salaries, allowances and other charges in respect of the staff of the Authority;
- (b) the payment of pensions, gratuities and other charges in respect of retirement benefits which are payable out of the funds of the Authority;
- (c) payment of allowances and other charges in respect of members of the Board;
- (d) the proper maintenance of the buildings and grounds of the Authority;
- (e) the acquisition, maintenance, repair and replacement of the equipment and other movable property of the Authority;
- (f) the creation of such reserve funds to meet future or contingent liabilities in respect of retirement benefits, insurance or replacement of buildings equipment, or in respect of such other matters as the Board may deem appropriate
- (3) The annual estimates shall be approved by the Board before the commencement of the financial year to which they relate and once approved, the sum provided in the estimates shall be submitted to the Cabinet Secretary for approval and shall not be varied without the prior consultation of the Board.
- 56. The Board may invest any of the funds of the Authority in securities, which the National Treasury may, from time to time, approve for that purpose.

Investment of funds

57. (1) The Board shall cause to be kept all proper books and records of accounts of the income, expenditure, assets and liabilities of the Authority in the form prescribed by the National Treasury.

Accounts and Audit

- (2) Within a period of three months from the end of the financial year, the Authority shall submit to the Auditor General or to an auditor appointed under subsection (3), the accounts of the Authority together with—
 - (a) a statement of the income and expenditure of the Authority during that year; and
 - (b) a statement of the assets and liabilities of the Authority on the last day of that year.
- (3) The accounts of the Authority shall be audited and reported annually by the Auditor General or by an auditor appointed by the Auditor General in accordance with the provisions of the Public Audit Act 2003.

(4) The Auditor General may give general or specific directions to an auditor appointed under subsection (3) and the auditor shall comply with such directions. (5) An auditor appointed under subsection (3) shall report directly to the Auditor General on any matter relating to the directions given under subsection (4). 58. The Authority shall, within three months after the end of each financial Annual report and year, or within such longer period as the Cabinet Secretary may approve, publications submit to the Cabinet Secretary a report of the operations of the Authority during such year, the annual balance sheet and such other statements of accounts as the Cabinet Secretary shall require, together with the Auditor-General's report. PART VIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS 59. (1) A person shall not— General prohibition and (a) breach or fail to comply with the provisions of this Act; (b) breach or fail to comply with any of, the terms or conditions offence of a licence or a certificate issued to him or her under this Act; (c) fail to comply with a lawful requirement or demand made or given by the Authority or an inspector; (d) obstruct a person in the execution of the powers or duties under this Act; (e) knowingly or recklessly make a statement or representation which is false; (f) knowingly or recklessly furnish a document or information required under this Act which is false; or (g) knowingly or recklessly use or furnish a fake or forged or invalid certificate or a certificate that has been altered without authorization. (2) A person who contravenes any of the provisions of subsection (1) commits an offence. 60. If an offence under this Act is committed by a body corporate or any other Offences relating to body corporate association of individuals, a director, partner or any other person involved in, or acting or purporting to act in the management of its affairs commits an offence unless that person proves that— (a) the act or omission constituting the offence took place without the person's knowledge; or

(b) the person took reasonable steps to prevent the commission of the	
offence.	
61. A person who contravenes any provision of this Act, or commits an	General penalty
offence for which no penalty is prescribed, shall be liable, on conviction, to a	
fine not exceeding five hundred thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a	
period not exceeding one year, or to both	
62. (1) Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the Authority, or of any person	Appeals
authorized by the Authority in that behalf, to issue any licence or registration	rippeals
certificate, or by any decision of the Authority may within thirty days after	
being notified of such refusal, cancellation, suspension or decision, appeal to	
the Cabinet Secretary.	
(2) There is established a County Appeals Committee chaired	
by the County Secretary;	
(3) Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the county government, or of	
any person authorized by the county government in that behalf, to issue	
any licence or registration certificate, or by any decision of the county	
government relating to food crops may within thirty days after being	
notified of such refusal, cancellation, suspension or decision, appeal to the	
County Appeals Committee.	
(4) The Cabinet Secretary in Consultation with the Authority	
and the County Government shall make regulations for the	
membership and rules of procedure for the County Appeals	
Committee.	
63. (1) There is established a committee to be known as the Crops Dispute	Dispute resolution
Resolution Committee for the purpose of facilitating resolution of disputes	
arising between farmers and other crops dealers which shall be administered	
by the Authority.	
(2) There is established a County Dispute Resolution Committee	
chaired by the County Executive Committee Member;	
(3) The Cabinet Secretary may prescribe in Regulations under this	
Act, the membership and rules of procedure for the Committee.	
64. Any person who has reason to believe that the provisions of this Act have	Restraint of
been, are being, or are about to be violated, may petition the High Court for—	breaches of this
(a) a declaration that the provisions of this Act are being, have been,	Act
are about to be contravened;	
(b) an injunction restraining any specified person from carrying out the	
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contravention:

- (c) a writ of mandamus against an officer or a person who has failed to perform a duty imposed by or under this Act; or
- (d) any other lawful remedy
- 65. (1) The Cabinet Secretary may, in consultation with the Authority and the county governments, make regulations for the better carrying into effect of the provisions of this Act, or for prescribing anything which is to be prescribed under this Act.

Regulations

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, regulations made under this section may provide for—
 - (a) declaration and regulation of food crops including production, distribution and marketing;
 - b) the areas outside which a food crop may not be cultivated, and regulating and controlling the variety, the cultural conditions, the method of production and grading of a specified food crop;
 - (c) the control of crop pests and diseases;
 - (d) safe and effective use of farm inputs;
 - (e) regulation and controlling the method of blending, packaging and labelling of food crops for purposes of traceability;
 - (f) the procedure for which licences and registration certificates shall be issued;
 - (g) the fees to be paid and the forms under this Act;
 - (h) ensuring food safety including production, handling, transportation, storage, processing and market standards of crops produce and products;
 - (i) coordination, prevention and management of crop and food contaminants and hazards.
 - (j) Development of a food safety risk communication, assessment and management plan;
 - (k) rules and regulations of any organization dealing with food crops and food crop products, made by any such organization to be in conformity with the provisions of this Act;
 - (l) the submission of returns and reports by the holders of certificates, licences and permits under this Act;
 - (m) standards, and the manner of grading and classification of various food crop produce under this Act;

(n) developing guidelines for public education on safe use of	
agrochemicals;	
(o) the relationship between growers and other dealers in food crops;	
(p) the formula for the pricing of food crops; and	
(q) standard industry agreements.	
66. If any conflict arises between the provisions of this Act and any other Act	Supersession
with respect to the development, management, marketing or regulation of food	Supersession
crops, the provisions of this Act shall prevail.	
PART IX – CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS	
	Amendment of No.
67, The Agriculture and Food Authority Act, 2013 is amended by deleting	
Section 11 (1).	13 of 2013
60 The Crops Act 2012 is arrested in Dont I of the Elect Calculate her 1.1.	Amendment of the
68. The Crops Act, 2013 is amended in Part I of the First Schedule by deleting	
the words-	First Schedule to
"PotatoesSolanum tuberosum L."	No. 16 of 2013
"Soya beansGlycine max (L.) Merr."	
"Beans	
"BarleyHordeum vulgare L."	
"Ryesecale cereal L."	
"TriticaleTricosecale Wittm"	
"Grain amaranthAmarnthus spp."	
"Finger milletEleusine coracana (L.) Gaertn."	
"MaizeZea mays L."	
"Pearl milletPennisetum (L.) R.Br."	
"RiceOryza sativa L. (1)"	
"Sorghum bicolor (L.) Moench."	
"WheatTriticum aestirum."	
"Wheat (pasta)Triticum monococcum L."	
"CassavaManihot esculenta"	
"Sweet potatoIpomeea batatas"	
"Pigeon peaCajanus cajan."	
"Dolichos beanDolichos lablab L."	
"CowpeaVigna unguiculata (L.) Walp."	
"Chick peasCicer arietienum L."	
"OatsAvena sativa L."	
"RyeSecale cereale L."	
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"Triticale	Tricosecale Wittm."	
"Broad beans	Vicia faba L."	
"Cluster beanC	'yamopsis tetragonoloba."	
"Pea	Pisum sativum L."	
PART X- SAVING AND TRANSITI	IONAL PROVISIONS	
69. (1) In this Act;		Rights and
"appointed day" means the day	ay the Act comes into operation;	Obligations
(2) Notwithstanding any other pro-	visions, all rights, obligations, liabilities	
and contracts relating to schedule	ed crops and food which immediately	
before the commencement of the	is Act were vested in or imposed on	
Agriculture and food Authority wi	th respect to food crops, shall from the	
commencement of this Act be	deemed to be the rights, obligations,	
liabilities and contracts of the Auth	nority.	
70. (1) The staff deployed, employ	ved or transferred to the food crops	Transfer of Staff
directorate prior to the commencement	nt of this Act shall be the staff of the	
Authority on the same or improved ter	rms and conditions of service as may be	
prescribed by the Board. This shall a	pply to the staff working for the Food	
Crops Directorate for a period of two	or more years after the commencement	
of the Agriculture and Food Author	ority. Any other employee from the	
Agriculture and Food Authority who	may wish to be an employee of the	
Authority shall undergo vetting by the	board.	
(2) "Notwithstanding the provisio	n of subsection (1) if a person does not	
intend to become an officer or mem	ber of staff of the Authority they shall	
within a period of thirty days from th	ne appointed day; give notice in writing	
to the Authority and such person shall	be deemed not to have become such an	
officer or member of staff under subse	ection (1)	
(3) The staff pension or prov	rident fund where applicable of all	
employees shall be transferred to	a pension scheme under the Authority	
as provided for by any other exist	ing law.	
71. On or after the appointed day,	all actions, suits or legal proceedings	Legal Proceedings
pending by or against the Agriculture	and Food Authority in relation to the	

food Crops shall be carried on or prosecuted by or against the Authority, and no action, suit or legal proceedings shall in any manner abate or be prejudicially affected by enactment of this Act.

72. Any reference to the Agriculture and Food Authority in any written law or in any contract, document or instrument of whatever nature, in relation to a food crop shall, on the commencement of this Act, be read and constructed as a reference to the Authority.

Reference to written laws

73. All directions, orders and authorizations given, or licenses, or Certificates, or permits issued, or registrations made by the Agriculture and Food Authority in relation to a food crop, and subsisting or valid immediately before the appointed day, shall be deemed to have been given, issued or made by the Authority as the case may be under this Act.

Previous authorizations

74. Subject to this Act, the Cabinet Secretary shall, in consultation with the Authority and the county governments, formulate and implement administrative measures to ensure smooth and orderly transition to the legal regime established by this Act.

Administrative measures by the Cabinet Secretary

FIRST SCHEDULE

[Section 3,]

FOOD CROPS

Part 1 — Crops with breeding program under compulsory certification	
Potatoes	Solanum tuberosum L.
Soya beans	Glycine max (L.) Merr.
Beans	Phaseolus vulgaris L.

Rye.....secale cereal L.

TriticaleTricosecale Wittm

Grain amaranthAmarnthus spp.

Finger millet......Elezisine coracana (L.) Gaertn.

MaizeZae mays L.	
Pearl milletPennisetum (L.) R.Br.	
Teff Eragrotis tef	
RiceOryza sativa L. (1)	
SorghumSorghum bicolor (L.) Moench.	
WheatTriticum aestirum.	
Wheat (pasta)Triticum monococcum L.	
Part 2 — Crops with breeding program under voluntary certification	
CassavaManihot esculenta	
Sweet potatoIpomeea batatas	
Pigeon peaCajanus cajan.	
Dolichos beanDolichos lablab L.	
CowpeaVigna unguiculata (L.) Walp.	
Chick peasCicer arietienum L.	
Mung Beans Vigma radiata	
Soya beans	
Part 3 — Crops with no breeding program	
OatsAvena sativa L.	
Cocoyams Colacasia esculenta	
Yams Dioscorea spp	
RyeSecale cereale L.	
TriticaleTricosecale Wittm.	
Broad beansVicia faba L.	
Cluster beanCyamopsis tetragonoloba.	
PeaPisum sativum L.	
[Section 11]	

SECOND SCHEDULE

PROVISIONS AS TO THE CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

AND AFFAIRS OF THE BOARD OF THE AUTHORITY

1. Meetings

- (1) The Board shall meet not less than four times in every financial year and not more than four months shall elapse between the date of one meeting and the date of the next meeting
- (2) at the first meeting, the board elects a vice chairperson among their number who must be a person of opposite gender.
- (3) The chairperson shall chair all board meetings and in event of his/her absence the vice chairperson shall preside and shall, with respect to that meeting and the business transacted thereat have all the powers of the chairperson in the event of absence of both the chairperson and the vice chairperson or inability to chair for whatever reason, the members present shall appoint one of their members to preside over the meeting.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1), the chairperson may, and upon requisition in writing by at least five members shall, convene a special meeting of the Board at any time for the transaction of the business of the Board.
- (5) Unless three quarters of the total members of the Board otherwise agree, at least fourteen days' written notice of every meeting of the Board shall be given to every member of the Board.
- (6) The quorum for the conduct of the business of the Board shall be five members.
- (7) Unless a unanimous decision is reached, a decision on any matter before the Board shall be by a majority of votes of the members present and voting and, in the case of an equality of votes, the chairperson or the person presiding shall have a casting vote.
- (8) The Board shall adhere to the provisions of the State Corporations Advisory Committee in establishing the number of committees of the Board.
- (8) Subject to subparagraph (6), no proceedings of the Board shall be invalid by reason only of a vacancy among the members thereof.

2. Disclosure of interest by Board members

(1) If a member is directly or indirectly interested otherwise than as a member of the board in any contract, proposed contract or other matter before the Board and is present at a meeting of the Board

at which the contract, proposed contract or other matter is the subject of consideration, that member shall, at the meeting and as soon as practicable after the commencement thereof, disclose the fact and shall not take part in the consideration or discussion of, or vote on, any questions with respect to the contract or other matter, or be counted in the quorum of the meeting during consideration of the matter:

- (2) A disclosure of interest made under this paragraph shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which it is made.
- (3) A member of the Board who contravenes subparagraph (1) commits an offence and is liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand shillings, or both.

3. Execution of instruments

Any contract or instrument which, if entered into or executed by a person not being a body corporate, would not require to be under seal, may be entered into or executed on behalf of the Board by any person generally or specially authorized by the Board for that purpose.

4. Minutes

The Board shall cause minutes of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Board to be entered in books kept for that purpose.